

# BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD STATE OF ILLINOIS Pollution Control Board

IN THE MATTER OF:	)	
	)	
Petition of Noveon, Inc.	)	
	)	AS 02-5
	)	
for an Adjusted Standard from	)	
35 Ill. Adm. Code 304.122	)	

# NOTICE OF FILING

Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk
Illinois Pollution Control Board
James R. Thompson Center
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Bradley P. Halloran **Hearing Officer** Illinois Pollution Control Board James R. Thompson Center 100 West Randolph Street Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on Thursday, April 15, 2004, we filed the attached Support Requested By Illinois EPA for Data Referenced By Houston Flippin with the Illinois Pollution Control Board, a copy of which is herewith served upon you.

Respectfully submitted,

NOVEON, INC.

By: She W Llady
One of Its Attorneys

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THIS FILING IS SUBMITTED ON RECYCLED PAPER

SUPPORT REQUESTED BY ILLINOIS EPA FOR DATA REFERENCED BY HOUSTON FLIPPIN ON PAGES 12 AND 13 OF HIS TESTIMONY

### 2.0 METHODS AND MATERIALS

Phase I consisted of characterization and batch treatability testing of the five major wastestreams and the primary clarifier effluent to evaluate their impact on biohydrolysis and nitrification by activated sludge. A summary of the flow contributions by the individual wastestreams is presented in Table 2-1.

### 2.1 Wastestream Sampling, Preparation, and Characterization

BF Goodrich collected grab samples of the contents of the PVC Tank, the PC Tank, the Pond, C-18 Tank, Well No. 3 discharge, and primary clarifier effluent on September 28, 1995 and shipped them by overnight courier to ECKENFELDER INC.'s laboratory in Nashville, Tennessee. All samples (except primary clarifier effluent) were subjected to the chemical coagulation and sedimentation procedure provided in the WWTF as described below.

- 1. Adjustment to pH 9.5 standard units (s.u.) using either sodium hydroxide (NaOH) or sulfuric acid (H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>).
- 2. Addition of 300 ppm FeCl<sub>3</sub> followed by a rapid mix time of 4 minutes.
- 3. Addition of 1 ppm anionic polymer (DREWFLOC® 2205 manufactured by Drew Industrial Division of Ashland Chemicals) followed by a rapid mix time of 4 minutes.
- 4. Re-adjustment to pH 9.3 (±0.2) standard units using either NaOH or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.
- 5. Gentle mixing (flocculation) for 18 minutes.
- Settling for 90 minutes.
- 7. Decanting of supernatant for subsequent characterization and testing.

The primary clarifier effluent and pretreated samples of the PVC Tank contents, PC Tank contents, Pond Water, Well No. 3 discharge, and C-18 Tank contents were then split into two aliquots. One aliquot was preserved and analyzed for total carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (TCBOD), total chemical oxygen demand (TCOD), total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), ammonia-nitrogen (NH3-N), nitrite-nitrogen (NO2-N), nitrate-nitrogen (NO3-N), morpholine,

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TABLE 2-1
WASTESTREAM ORIGIN AND FLOW CONTRIBUTION

	Flow Rate						
Wastestream Origin	Average (gpm)	Range (gpm)	Contribution <sup>a</sup> (%)				
Discharge from Pond	35	25 to 100	4 to 16 <sup>b</sup>				
Well No. 3	7	7 to 11	1 to 2				
Discharge from C-18 Tank	7	2 to 14	0 to 2				
Discharge from PVC Tank	450	330 to 490	54 to <b>80</b>				
Discharge from PC Tank	110	90 to 140	15 to <b>23</b>				
Combined Wastestream (i.e., Primary Clarifier Effluent)	609	454 to 755					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Range of contribution to primary clarifier effluent based on a combined average primary clarifier effluent flowrate of 609 gpm.

bBold type indicates target peak flow contribution used in batch treatability tests.

and total alkalinity. The methods of preservation and analysis for these parameters are summarized in Table 2-2. The remaining aliquot of primary clarifier effluent and of the pretreated wastestreams was kept refrigerated until used in the batch biohydrolysis test and the first set of batch nitrification tests.

BF Goodrich also collected grab samples of primary clarifier effluent, the PVC Tank contents, and PC Tank contents on October 19, 1995 and shipped them via overnight courier to ECKENFELDER INC.'s laboratory in Nashville, Tennessee. The PVC Tank contents and the PC Tank contents were pretreated in the same manner as described above. The primary clarifier effluent and the pretreated PVC and PC Tank contents were split into two aliquots. One aliquot was preserved and analyzed for TCBOD, TCOD, TKN, NH<sub>3</sub>-N, and combined nitrite- plus nitrate-nitrogen (NO<sub>2</sub>-N plus NO<sub>3</sub>-N). The remaining aliquot was refrigerated until used in the second set of batch nitrification tests.

BF Goodrich recorded the flows of all wastestreams at the time of sampling. These flows were coupled with wastestream characterization data to calculate the flow and load contribution of each wastestream to the combined wastestream as monitored at the primary clarifier effluent.

### 2.2 Biomass Preparation

Two types of biomass were used in the treatability testing as illustrated in Figure 2-1: BF Goodrich biomass and "nitrifier-rich" biomass. BF Goodrich biomass was used in both the batch biohydrolysis test and the batch nitrification tests. The nitrifier-rich biomass had been cultured in ECKENFELDER INC.'s laboratory for over two years and was used only in the batch nitrification tests. Both biomasses were acclimated to test conditions of >3 mg/L DO, pH  $7.7 \pm 0.2$  standard units,  $22 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C (for batch biohydrolysis tests), and  $32 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C (for batch nitrification tests) as described below.

BF Goodrich collected grab samples of primary clarifier effluent and return activated sludge (RAS) on September 28, 1995 and October 19, 1995, and shipped them to ECKENFELDER INC.'s laboratory in Nashville, Tennessee. Upon arrival, the RAS was aerated at >3 mg/L DO for 1.0 hour to "freshen" the biomass. During aeration, the RAS was adjusted to pH 7.7 standard units using NaOH. Aeration was then shut off and the mixed liquor was allowed to settle for one hour. Sixty percent of the initial volume was decanted and replaced with primary clarifier effluent which had been spiked with 35 mg P/L using phosphoric acid (H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>). Aeration was then restored and the RAS was aerated for 24 hours at a mixed liquor DO and pH of >3 mg/L and

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TABLE 3-1
SUMMARY OF WASTESTREAM CHARACTERIZATION RESULTS

		Wastestream Origin							
Sample Collection Date	Parameter	PVC Tanka	PC Tank <sup>a</sup>	Ponda	Well No. 3 <sup>a</sup>	C-18 Tanka	Primary Clarifier Effluent		
9-28-95	Flow, gpm Flow, % of Primary Clarifier Effluent	377 73	109 21	14 3	7 1.4	10 1.9	517 		
10-19-95	Flow, gpm Flow, % of Primary Clarifier Effluent	412 77	98 18	9 2	7 1.3	8 1.5	534		
	Flow, %, Evaluated During Treatability Studies	8 to 80	0.2 to 23	15 to 16	1.7 to 1.8	1.7 to 1.8	0.8 to 85		
9-28-95	Total Alkalinity, mg/L	340	1,120	30	510	4,300	550		
9-28-95	TCBOD, mg/L	131	1,998	4	52	6,390	669		
	TCBOD, % <sup>b</sup>	14	63	0	0	18	(95) <sup>c</sup>		
10-19-95	TCBOD, mg/L	114	1,140	NA <sup>d</sup>	NA	NA	390		
	TCBOD, %	23	54	NA	NA	NA	(77)		
9-28 <b>-</b> 95	TCOD, mg/L	410	4,900	25	90	17,200	1,840		
	TCOD, %	16	56	0	0	18	(90)		
10-19-95	TCOD, mg/L	545	5,800 <sup>e</sup>	NA	NA	NA	1,350		
	TCOD, %	31	79	NA	NA	NA	(110)		
9-28-95	TKN, mg/L	81	290	<1	10	820	150		
	TKN, %	39	41	0	0	11	(91)		
10-19-95	TKN, mg/L	59	270	NA	NA	NA	100		
	TKN, %	46	50	NA	NA	NA	(96)		
9-28-95	NH3-N, mg/L	50	31	0.6	3	280	51		
	NH3-N, %	71	13	0 ·	0	1	(85)		
0-19-95	NH <sub>3</sub> -N, mg/L	39	42	NA	NA	NA	39		
	NH <sub>3</sub> -N, %	77	20	NA	NA	NA	(97)		
-28-95	Morpholine, mg/L	37	418	<1	16	1,880	169		
	Morpholine, %	16	52	0	0	22	(90)		
-28-95	NO <sub>2</sub> -N, mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	7.6	<0.1		
	NO <sub>2</sub> -N, %	NC <sup>f</sup>	NC	NC	NC	NC	(NC)		
/28/95	NO <sub>2</sub> -N + NO <sub>3</sub> -N, mg/L	0.1	11	28	0.3	13	0.1		
	NO <sub>2</sub> -N + NO <sub>3</sub> -N, %	73	>100	>100	4	1	(>100)		
0-19-95	NO <sub>2</sub> -N + NO <sub>3</sub> -N, mg/L	<0.1	11	NA	NA	NA	<0.1		
	NO <sub>2</sub> -N + NO <sub>3</sub> -N, %	77	>100	NA	NA	NA	(>100)		

TABLE 3-1 (Continued)

## SUMMARY OF WASTESTREAM CHARACTERIZATION RESULTS

		Wastestream Origin							
Sample Collection Date	Parameter	PVC Tanka	PC Tank <sup>a</sup>	Ponda	Well No. 3 <sup>a</sup>	C-18 Tanka	Primary Clarifier Effluent		
9-28-95	Organic Nitrogens, mg/L	31 23	259 55	0	7 0	540 11	99		
10-19-95	Organic Nitrogen, % Organic Nitrogen, mg/L Organic Nitrogen, %	20 25	228 69	0 NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	(89) 61 (94)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Characterization following sample pretreatment described in Section 2.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Contribution of individual wastestreams to measured primary clarifier effluent load.

cValues in parentheses represent percentage calculated by summing contributions of individual wastestreams.

dNot analyzed.

eValue determined by BFG at time of sampling.

fNot calculable.

gCalculated as difference between TKN and NH<sub>3</sub>-N concentrations.

Wastestream	PVC Tank	PC Tank	C-18 Tank	Well No. 3	Total	
Table 2-1						
Average Flowrate, gpm	450	110	7	42	609	
Maximum, gpm	490	140	14	111	755 Essentially used these maximums as future maximums.	
Minimum, gpm	330	90	2	32	454	
Factor	0.89	0.97	0.86	1.10	Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.	on.
Factored Average	401	107	6	46	560	
Factored Maximum						
Table 3-1						
9/28/2004 Flow, gpm	377	109	10	21	517	
10/19/2004 Flow, gpm	412	98	8	16	534	
Average	395	104	9	19	526	
Maximum			_			
Factor						
Factored Average						
Factored Maximum						
Brogented Average gam	401	107	e	46	560	
Presented Average, gpm Presented Maximum, gpm	499	150	6 15		769	
riesenteu maximum, gpm	455	150	19	105	709	
Table 3-1						
9/28/2004 TCBOD, mg/l	131	1998	6390			
10/19/2004 TCBOD, mg/L	114		NA			
Average, mg/L	123		6390			
Maximum, mg/L	131		6390			
9/28/2004 TCBOD, lbs/day	593		767	5	3978	
10/19/2004 TCBOD, lbs/day	564					
Average (9/28-10/19), lbs/day	578		767	_	3327	
Design Average, lbs/day	589		460		Design Ave, Flow X Ave. Meas. Conc.	
Factor	1.35		0.86		Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.	on.
Design Maximum, lbs/day	784		1150		Design Max.Flow X Max. Meas. Conc.	
Factor	1.66		0.77		Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.	on.
Presented Average, lbs/day	795		395		3690	
Presented Maximum, lbs/day	1300	3250	880	15	5445	
9/28/2004 TCOD, mg/l	410	4900	17200	47		
10/19/2004 TCOD, mg/L	545		NA			
Average, mg/L	478		17200			
Maximum, mg/L	545		17200			
9/28/2004 TCOD, lbs/day	1855		2064		10340	
10/19/2004 TCOD, lbs/day	2694				• • •	
Average (9/28-10/19), lbs/day	2275		2064	12	10966	
Design Average, lbs/day	2298		1238		10431 Design Ave.Flow X Ave. Meas. Conc.	
Factor	1.15	1.21	1.07	1.93	Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.	on.

Wastestream Design Maximum, lbs/day Factor Presented Average, lbs/day Presented Maximum, lbs/day	PVC Tank 3263 1.33 2650 4330	PC Tank 10440 1.04 8280 10840	1320	Well No. 3 59 0.84 50 50	Total  Design Max.Flow X Max. Meas. Conc. Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.  12300 18160
9/28/2004 TKN, mg/l	81	290	820	4	
10/19/2004 TKN, mg/L	59	270	NA	NA	
Average, mg/L	70	280	820	4	
Maximum, mg/L	81	290	820	4	
9/28/2004 TKN, lbs/day	366	379	98	1	845
10/19/2004 TKN, lbs/day	292	318			
Average (9/28-10/19), lbs/day	329	348	98	1	777
Design Average, lbs/day	337	360	59	2	758 Design Ave.Flow X Ave. Meas. Conc.
Factor	1.36	1.37		1.36	Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.
Design Maximum, lbs/day	485	522	148	5	Design Max.Flow X Max. Meas. Conc.
Factor	1.32	1.33		1.39	Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.
Presented Average, lbs/day	459	494		3	1038
Presented Maximum, lbs/day	640	693	198	7	1538
9/28/2004 NH3-N, mg/l	50	31	280	1,2	a <sup>r</sup>
10/19/2004 NH3-N, mg/L	39	42		NA NA	•
Average, mg/L	45	37		1	
Maximum, mg/L	50	42		1.2	
9/28/2004 TCBOD, lbs/day	226	2461	6935	0	9622
10/19/2004 TCBOD, lbs/day	193	49	ı	_	
Average (9/28-10/19), lbs/day	210	1255	6935	0	8400
Design Average, lbs/day	214	47	20	1	282 Design Ave. Flow X Ave. Meas. Conc.
Factor	1.38	1.32	1.34	1.51	Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.
Design Maximum, Ibs/day	299	76	50	2	Design Max.Flow X Max. Meas. Conc.
Factor	1.37	1.15	1.31	1.98	Factor used to scale to future based on discussions with Noveon.
Presented Average, lbs/day	295	62	27	1	385
Presented Maximum, lbs/day	411	87	66	3	567

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the foregoing Notice of Filing and Support Requested

By Illinois EPA for Data Referenced By Houston Flippin was filed by hand delivery with the

Clerk of the Illinois Pollution Control Board and served upon the parties to whom said Notice is

directed by

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on Thursday, April 15, 2004.

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